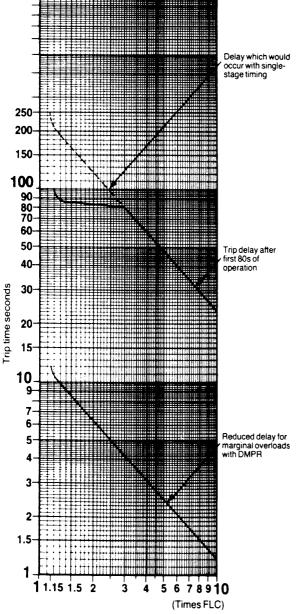
DMPR MK4 **Electronic Motor Protection Relay**

The DMPR, together with suitable current transformers, monitors motor supply current. Three-phase motors generally require two CTs. An overload condition causes the unit to trip after a time delay inversely proportional to the overcurrent.

The DMPR uniquely provides independently adjustable time delays for starting and normal running. This allows an extended response time during starting, minimising nuisance trips, while maintaining a fast response during normal running. By setting the run delay at minimum (0,2s), shearpin type protection is achieved. Automatic transfer from the start delay to run delay occurs after a period of approximately twice the selected start delay. If necessary the start delay can be disabled to give conventional single delay operation.



Performance with T1 = 40s and 12 = 2s

Auto/manual reset facilities, with an adjustable reset delay, are provided. A pushbutton is fitted for local reset, with terminals for a remote reset contact.

A latching version is also available, which contains a retentive circuit which is not affected by loss of supply; if supply is removed following a trip condition, the trip status (in the manual reset mode) is remembered when the supply is restored. The unit can be reset in the manual mode only by momentarily linking terminals R1 and R2 - or operating the RESET button - with supply connected. Other DMPR features include phase loss detection, motor temperature monitoring and a test button to confirm unit operation.

Supply voltage: (Must be specified)	110120/220240V or 380415V : 50/60Hz 3VA		
Load current range:	phases, extend	on charts. The cu	each of two h 2 CTs per phase urrent range at the
Output relay:	Ratings (n.c. ar Resistive load:	nd n.o. contacts) 5A at 240V	2A at 415V
A.C. inductive load swite $I_e = 5A$ max.	ching (B600)	120V to 415V n Make: 3600VA	nax. Break: 360VA
D.C. inductive load swittle = 2,5mA	ching (Q300)	125V & 250V Make: 69W	Break: 69W
Ambient temperature ra	nge	-10° C to +60°	0
Operations/h:	60 max.		
Indicators:	Green- Powe Amber- Trip le Amber- Output		timing in progress ised
Phase imbalance:	Normal time-de current exceed	elayed tripping if a s set trip level	any line
Phase loss:	of set trip level.	Disabled by link used with soft sta	rent exceeds 50% ing terminals arters or
Start Delay T1:	4-40s at 600% Enabled by link	FLC ing terminals S2	+ \$3
Run Delay T2:	0,2 - 8s at 600% See Time/curre		
Motor temperature:	when resistance thermistors to E normally-closed	e falls to 750Ω. S 3S4999 Part 111	mostat can be used
Reset:	Button for local contact loading	ection by termina reset, terminals 2mA at 20V d.c. and or auto) 1-20	for remote reset,

when supply is restored. Manual reset should be used for latching versions.

	st button simulates 600% FLC overload check operation		
Enclosure:	IP20 EN35 top hat rail or surface mounting		
Terminal cable capacity:	1 x 2,5mm²		

Order references

500A

1000A

2000A

3000A

:5A

: 5A

: 5A

DMPR St 115/230V 400V		DMPR 230S 000 DMPR 400S 000	
DMPR La 115/230V 400V	•	DMPR 230L 000 DMPR 400L 000	
20A 50A	ransformers : 25mA : 25mA : 25mA	01 000158 221 222 223	Type CTA CTA CTA

300

302

303

CTB

CTB

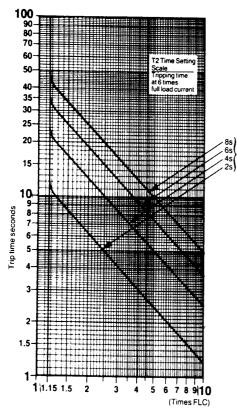
CTB

CTB

Terminal functions

A1. A2. A3.	Supply 115/230V or 400V dependent on mod		R1. R2.	Remote reset Volt-free n.o.contact requ (Link for auto reset)
95. 96. }	Trip contact (Close when relay is ener		P1. P2. }	Thermistor trip Link to disable
05.	common		C. C1.	CT common
06.	n.o. (Closed when relay		C2.	CT1 CT2
	is energised)	Alarm contact	S1. \	Phase loss - disabled by link to S2
08.	n.c. (Open when relay is energised)		S2. 1	Function common
		I	S3. }	Start delay T1- enabled by link to S2

Time/current graph



Typical operating time characteristics during running

Setting up procedure

Method 1:

Set FLC and time delay potentiometers to required values. The trip current will be in the range 105-120% of set FLC.

Method 2

For precise setting with close protection.

- 1. With the current and both trip delays set to maximum, start the motor.
- Reduce current setting until amber SET LED is illuminated, then increase setting until LED is just extinguished. The unit is then correctly set.
- 3. When the current increases by 10-15% the amber SET LED will illuminate and the unit will go into overload mode.
- 4. Trip delay settings and Reset time should be set to suitable values. A suitable value for T1 delay should be sufficient to allow motor to run up to speed on maximum load. The higher the load inertia the longer the trip delay required.
- For motors with short acceleration times, T1 may not be required, in which case the T1 link should be omitted.
- 6. T2 setting can be adjusted to give a faster trip response during running whilst allowing for normal fluctuations in current which might cause nuisance tripping.

Method 3:

Inject test current corresponding to load current directly into DMPR (allowing for CT turns ratio) and follow method 2. The current range at the input terminals of the DMPR is 17,5 - 50mA. Single-phase injection (using one CT or directly into terminals C + C1) requires a current 40% higher than corresponding 3-phase.

Current transformer selection table

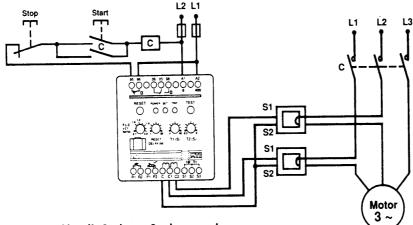
FLC adjustment span (A)	CTA reference	Primary turns	CTB (One primary turn)
0,7 - 2	RS346 - 261*	-	-
1,4 - 4	01/000158/221	10	-
1,75 - 5	01/000158/221	8	-
3,5 - 1,0	01/000158/221	4	-
7 - 20	01/000158/221	2	-
14 - 40	01/000158/221	1.	-
17,5 - 50	01/000158/222	2	-
35 - 100	01/000158/222	1	-
70 - 200	01/000158/223	1	-
175 - 500	01/000158/221	8	01/000158/300
350 - 1000	01/000158/221	8	01/000158/302
700 - 2000	01/000158/221	8	01/000158/303
1050 - 3000	01/000158/221	8	01/000158/304

Order wound primary current transformers direct from RS Components Limited.

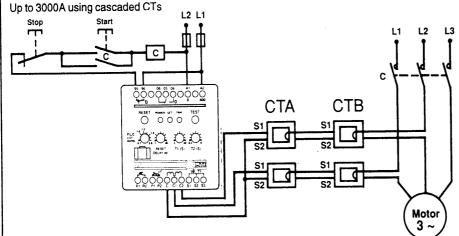
Typical wiring diagrams

DOL starter, 415V coil, 3-phase 3-wire supply

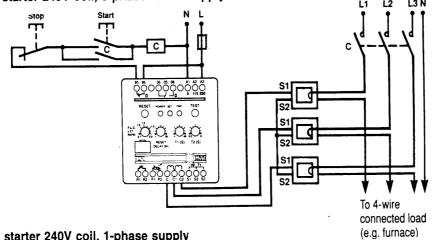
Up to 200A using directly connected CTs



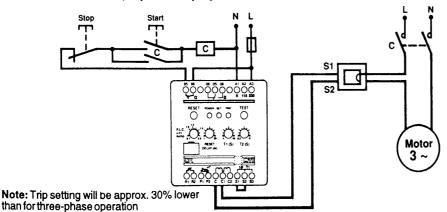
DOL starter, 415V coil, 3-phase 3-wire supply



DOL starter 240V coil, 3-phase 4-wire supply



DOL starter 240V coil, 1-phase supply

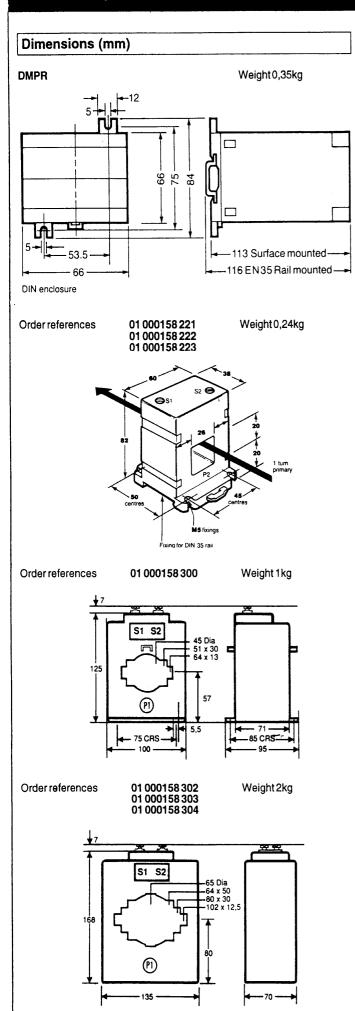


Operation: When power is applied to the DMPR, the output relay energises, closing contacts 95 - 96 and 05 - 06. If the motor current exceeds the set level and the associated delay time the relay de-energises, disabling the starter circuit.

Installation: Terminals R1 to S3 inclusive (i.e all lower terminals) are internally connected to a common circuit.P1 terminal only may be earthed. Wiring to all other terminals must be isolated and adequately

To avoid inductive pickup, thermistor wiring should be twisted pair and/or screened cable This cable should not be run parallel to other cabling for long distances as a protection against capacitive pickup.

4Ă HBC fuses are recommended for control circuit protection, connected as shown.



Council of European Communities Directives: The products in this publication conform to relevant EEC Directives and EN Standards. Installation and use of such products must be carried out by competent, properly trained personnel, complying with any instructions supplied by MTE. Liability for improper incorporation, assembly, use, processing, storing or handling of goods remains the sole responsibility of the individual, or company carrying out such work This publication is for information only. Whate every care has been taken in the preparation of this publication, no liability is accepted for any consequence of its use. No licence to use any patent should be assumed. All dimensions quoted are approximate only and subject to change without notice, as are other technical features resulting from continual development and improvement.