## OmROn

## Ultra Subminiature Basic Switch

## Subminiature Size Ideal for PCB

## Mounting ( $12.8 \times 6.5 \times 5.8(W \times H \times D)$ )

- Incorporating a snapping mechanism made with two highly precise split springs that ensures a long service life.
- Insertion molded terminals and a two-stage bottom with different levels prevent flux penetration.
■ Self-clinching PCB, right-angled, left-angled, and solder terminals are available.
- Meets a wide range of applications, including home appliances, audio equipment, office machines, and communications equipment.



## Ordering Information

## - Model Number Legend

## D2F= $=\frac{\square}{1} \frac{\square}{3} \frac{\square}{4}$

1. Ratings

None: General loads
01: Micro loads (0.1 A at 30 VDC)
2. Maximum Operating Force

None: 1.47 N $\{150 \mathrm{gf}\}$
F: $\quad 0.74 \mathrm{~N}\{75 \mathrm{gf}\}$
Note: These values are for the pin plunger models.
3. Actuator

None: Pin plunger
L: Hinge lever
L2: Hinge roller lever
L3: Simulated roller lever
4. Terminals

None: PCB terminals/straight terminals
-T: $\quad$ Self-clinching PCB terminals
-A: Right-angled PCB terminals
-A1: Left-angled PCB terminals
-D3: Solder terminals
-D: Compact solder terminals

■ List of Models

| Actuator | General loads <br> OF max. (see note) | General loads |  | Micro loads |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 3 A | 1 A | 0.1 A |  |
|  |  | General-purpose 1.47 N $\{150 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | Low operating force $0.74 \mathrm{~N}\{75 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { General-purpose } \\ 1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\} \end{gathered}$ | Low operating force $0.74 \mathrm{~N}\{75 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| Pin plunger | PCB terminals |  | D2F-F | D2F-01 | D2F-01F |
|  | Self-clinching terminals | D2F-T | D2F-F-T | D2F-01-T | D2F-01F-T |
|  | Right-angled terminals | D2F-A | D2F-F-A | D2F-01-A | D2F-01F-A |
|  | Left-angled terminals | D2F-A1 | D2F-F-A1 | D2F-01-A1 | D2F-01F-A1 |
|  | Solder terminals | D2F-D3 | D2F-F-D3 | D2F-01-D3 | D2F-01F-D3 |
|  | Compact solder terminals | D2F-D | D2F-F-D | D2F-01-D | D2F-01F-D |
| Hinge lever | PCB terminals | D2F-L | D2F-FL | D2F-01L | D2F-01FL |
|  | Self-clinching terminals | D2F-L-T | D2F-FL-T | D2F-01L-T | D2F-01FL-T |
|  | Right-angled terminals | D2F-L-A | D2F-FL-A | D2F-01L-A | D2F-01FL-A |
|  | Left-angled terminals | D2F-L-A1 | D2F-FL-A1 | D2F-01L-A1 | D2F-01FL-A1 |
|  | Solder terminals | D2F-L-D3 | D2F-FL-D3 | D2F-01L-D3 | D2F-01FL-D3 |
|  | Compact solder terminals | D2F-L-D | D2F-FL-D | D2F-01L-D | D2F-01FL-D |
| Simulated roller lever | PCB terminals | D2F-L3 | D2F-FL3 | D2F-01L3 | D2F-01FL3 |
|  | Self-clinching terminals | D2F-L3-T | D2F-FL3-T | D2F-01L3-T | D2F-01FL3-T |
|  | Right-angled terminals | D2F-L3-A | D2F-FL3-A | D2F-01L3-A | D2F-01FL3-A |
|  | Left-angled terminals | D2F-L3-A1 | D2F-FL3-A1 | D2F-01L3-A1 | D2F-01FL3-A1 |
|  | Solder terminals | D2F-L3-D3 | D2F-FL3-D3 | D2F-01L3-D3 | D2F-01FL3-D3 |
|  | Compact solder terminals | D2F-L3-D | D2F-FL3-D | D2F-01L3-D | D2F-01FL3-D |
| Hinge roller lever | PCB terminals | D2F-L2 | D2F-FL2 | D2F-01L2 | D2F-01FL2 |
|  | Self-clinching terminals | D2F-L2-T | D2F-FL2-T | D2F-01L2-T | D2F-01FL2-T |
|  | Right-angled terminals | D2F-L2-A | D2F-FL2-A | D2F-01L2-A | D2F-01FL2-A |
|  | Left-angled terminals | D2F-L2-A1 | D2F-FL2-A1 | D2F-01L2-A1 | D2F-01FL2-A1 |
|  | Solder terminals | D2F-L2-D3 | D2F-FL2-D3 | D2F-01L2-D3 | D2F-01FL2-D3 |
|  | Compact solder terminals | D2F-L2-D | D2F-FL2-D | D2F-01L2-D | D2F-01FL2-D |

Note: The OF values shown in the table are for the pin plunger models.

## Specifications

## ■ Ratings

| Item |  | D2F models |  | D2F-01 models |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OF max. |  | $\begin{gathered} 1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\} \\ \text { (General purpose) } \end{gathered}$ | $0.74 \mathrm{~N}\{75 \mathrm{gf}\}$ <br> (Low operating) | 1.47 N \{150 gf \} (General purpose) | 0.74 N \{75 gf $\}$ <br> (Low operating) |
|  |  | Resistive load |  |  |  |
| Rated voltage | 125 VAC | 3 A | 1 A | --- |  |
|  | 30 VDC | 2 A | 0.5 A | 0.1 A |  |

Note: 1. Consult your OMRON sales representative before using the Switch with inductive or motor loads.
2. The ratings values apply under the following test conditions:

Ambient temperature: $20 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Ambient humidity: $65 \pm 5 \%$
Operating frequency: 30 operations/min

## ■ Characteristics

| Operating speed | 1 to $500 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ (pin plunger models) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Operating frequency | Mechanical: 200 operations/min max. Electrical: 30 operations/min max. |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 500 VDC ) |
| Contact resistance (initial value) | D2F models: $30 \mathrm{~m} \Omega \max$. <br> D2F-F models: $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega \max$. <br> D2F-01 models: $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. |
| Dielectric strength (see note 2) | 600 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between terminals of the same polarity 1,500 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min between current-carrying metal parts and ground, and between each terminal and non-current-carrying metal part |
| Vibration resistance (see note 3) | Malfunction: 10 to 55 Hz , 1.5-mm double amplitude |
| Shock resistance (see note 3) | Destruction: $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 100G\} max. Malfunction: $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ \{approx. 30G\} max. |
| Durability (see note 4) | Mechanical: 1,000,000 operations min. (60 operations/min) (Refer to Engineering Data.) Electrical: 30,000 operations min. (30 operations/min) (Refer to Engineering Data.) |
| Degree of protection | IEC IP40 |
| Degree of protection against electric shock | Class I |
| Proof tracking index (PTI) | 175 |
| Ambient operating temperature | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (at ambient humidity of 60\% max.) (with no icing) |
| Ambient operating humidity | 85\% max. (for $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |
| Weight | Approx. 0.5 g (pin plunger models) |

Note: 1. The data given above are initial values.
2. The dielectric strength shown in the table indicates a value for models with a Separator.
3. For the pin plunger models, the values are at the free position and total travel position. For the lever models, they are at the total travel position.
4. For testing conditions, consult your OMRON sales representative.

## - Approved Standards

Consult your OMRON sales representative for specific models with standard approvals.
UL1054 (File No. 41515)/
CSA C22.2 No. 55 (LR21642)

| Rated <br> voltage | D2F (general- <br> purpose) | D2F (low <br> operating <br> force) | D2F-01 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 125 VAC | 3 A | 1 A | --- |
| 30 VDC | 2 A | 0.5 A | 0.1 A |

## ■ Contact Form

SPDT


## - Contact Specifications

| Item |  | D2F models | D2F-01 models |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Contact | Specification | Crossbar |  |
|  | Material | Silver alloy | Gold alloy |
|  | Gap <br> (standard <br> value) | 0.25 mm |  |
|  | 100 mA <br> at 5 VDC | 1 mA at 5 VDC |  |

Note: For more information on the minimum applicable load, refer to Using Micro Loads on page 202.

## Engineering Data (Reference Values)

## Mechanical Durability (Pin Plunger Models)

D2F, D2F-01


Electrical Durability (Pin Plunger Models)
D2F


Switching current (A)
For details about the D2F-01, consult your OMRON sales representative.

## Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

## ■ Terminals

## PCB Terminals (Standard)



Right-angled PCB Terminals


Solder Terminals
Compact Solder Terminals


PCB Mounting Dimensions
(Reference)


## ■ Mounting Holes

Two , 2-dia. mounting holes


## ■ Dimensions and Operating Characteristics

Note: 1. All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
2. Unless otherwise specified, a tolerance of $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~mm}$ applies to all dimensions.
3. The following illustrations and drawings are for D2F models with PCB terminals. Self-clinching, solder, and right-angled, left-angled terminals are omitted from the following drawings. Refer to page 200 for these terminals. When ordering, replace $\square$ with the code for the terminal that you need.
4. The operating characteristics are for operation in the A direction ( $)$.

Pin Plunger Models
D2F $\square$
D2F-01 $\square$
D2F-F $\square$
D2F-01F $\square$


| Model | D2F $\square$ <br> D2F-01 $\square$ | D2F-F $\square$ <br> D2F-01F $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $1.47 \mathrm{~N}\{150 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.74 \mathrm{~N}\{75 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.20 \mathrm{~N}\{20 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| PT max. | 0.5 mm |  |
| OT min. | 0.25 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.12 mm |  |
| OP | $5.5 \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

Hinge Lever Models D2F-L $\square$
D2F-01L $\square$
D2F-FL $\square$
D2F-01FL $\square$


| Model | D2F-L $\square$ <br> D2F-01L $\square$ | D2F-FL $\square$ <br> D2F-01FL $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.78 \mathrm{~N}\{80 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.25 \mathrm{~N}\{25 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.02 \mathrm{~N}\{2 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| OT min. | 0.55 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.5 mm |  |
| FP max. | 10 mm |  |
| OP | $6.8 \pm 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

Note: Stainless-steel lever

Simulated Roller Lever Models


Note: Stainless-steel lever

Hinge Roller Lever Models
D2F-L2 $\square$
D2F-01L2 $\square$
D2F-FL2
D2F-01FL2 $\square$


| Model | D2F-L2 $\square$ <br> D2F-01L2 $\square$ | D2F-FL2 $\square$ <br> D2F-01FL2 $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OF max. | $0.78 \mathrm{~N}\{80 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.39 \mathrm{~N}\{40 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| RF min. | $0.05 \mathrm{~N}\{5 \mathrm{gf}\}$ | $0.02 \mathrm{~N}\{2 \mathrm{gf}\}$ |
| OT min. | 0.55 mm |  |
| MD max. | 0.5 mm |  |
| FP max. | 16.5 mm |  |
| OP | $13 \pm 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |

## Precautions

Refer to pages 26 to 31 for common precautions.

## - Cautions

## Terminal Connection

When soldering a lead wire to the terminal, first insert the lead wire conductor into the terminal hole and then perform soldering.
Make sure that the capacity of the soldering iron is 30 W maximum and that the temperature of the soldering iron tip is approximately $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. ( $350^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ maximum.) Complete the soldering within 3 s .
Using a switch with improper soldering may result in abnormal heating, possibly resulting in burn.
Applying a soldering iron for more than 3 s or using one that is rated at more than 30 W may deteriorate the switch characteristics.
When soldering the lead wire to the PCB terminal, pay careful attention so that the flux and solder liquid level does not exceed the PCB level.

## ■ Correct Use

## Mounting

Turn OFF the power supply before mounting or removing the Switch, wiring, or performing maintenance or inspection. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or burning.
Use M2 mounting screws with plane washers or spring washers to securely mount the Switch. Tighten the screws to a torque of 0.08 to $0.1 \mathrm{~N} \bullet \mathrm{~m}\{0.8$ to $1 \mathrm{kgf} \bullet \mathrm{cm}\}$.
Mount the Switch onto a flat surface. Mounting on an uneven surface may cause deformation of the Switch, resulting in faulty operation or breakage in the housing.

## Operating Stroke Setting

Take particular care in setting the operating stroke for the pin plunger models. Make sure that the operating stroke is $70 \%$ to $100 \%$ of the rated OT distance. Do not operate the actuator exceeding the OT distance, otherwise the durability of the Switch may be shortened.

## Using Micro Loads

Using a model for ordinary loads to open or close the contact of a micro load circuit may result in faulty contact. Use models that operate in the following range. However, even when using micro load models within the operating range shown below, if inrush current occurs when the contact is opened or closed, it may increase contact wear and so decrease durability. Therefore, insert a contact protection circuit where necessary.
The minimum applicable load is the N -level reference value. This value indicates the malfunction reference level for the reliability level of $60 \%(\lambda 60)$. The equation, $\lambda 60=0.5 \times 10^{-6} /$ operations indicates that the estimated malfunction rate is less than $1 / 2,000,000$ operations with a reliability level of $60 \%$.


ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

