

Proprietary film - available only from Desco Industries Inc.

See reverse side for available sizes.

The bag's material meets the performance specification requirements of Mil-PRF-81705D, Type III.

Bag is free of amines, N-octanoic acid, and heavy metals.

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A fundamental ESD control principle (see ANSI/ESD S20.20 Foreword):

ESD susceptible items should be transported and stored outside an Electrostatic protected Area enclosed in low charging, static shielding protective packaging.



STATSHIELD® METAL-IN SERIES LEAD-FREE AREA ESD SHIELDING BAG

Specifications:

Test Procedures/Method **Electrical Properties Typical Values** Surface Resistance: EOS/ESD S11.11 Outer Surface <10E11 ohms Aluminum Laver <10F2 ohms **FOS/FSD S11.11** Inner Surface EOS/ESD S11.11 <10E11 ohms Static Shielding <25 nJ EOS/ESD S11.31 Charge Generation PTFE: 0.09 nC/sq. in. Modified Incline Plane Quartz: 0.01 nC/sq. in. Modified Incline Plane Capacitance Probe (to dissipate 1 KV) MIL-PRF-81705D. EIA 541

Physical Properties Bag Thickness:

Polvester Laver 0.5 Mils Static Dissipative PET film **ASTM D-2103** Aluminum Layer 10-25 Angstroms Polvethylene Laver 2.5 Mils Static Dissipative PE film ASTM D-2103

Total Thickness 2.8 to 3.0 Mils **ASTM D-2103** Light Transmission (%) >40% (Tobias) **ASTM D-1003** Heat Seal (lbs/in) >10 375°F, 1/2 sec 60 psi Seam Strength Pass MIL-PRF-81705D Tear Strength (lbs) >25 **ASTM D-1004** Puncture Resistance (lbs) >10 ASTM D-2065 MVTR (gms / 100 in² / 24 hrs, 100°F) < 0.40 FTMS 101C/2065 OTR (cc / 100 in² / 24 hrs) <6.1 **ASTM D-1434**

Abrasion Resistance Sutherland Abr. (.0000 Steel Wool) >100 cycles

Outgassing Pass ASTM E595

Non-corrosive Pass MIL-STD-3010. M3005

Chemical Properties

Corrosion No effect on aluminum, copper, silver, Sn-Pb coated foil,

stainless steel. low carbon steel

Polycarbonate Capability, Yes No Amines or N-Octanoic Acid Not present



Mixed Unsortable Plastic Scrap

Mixed unsortable plastic scrap shall contain assorted plastics of multiple grades that are co-extruded, bonded or laminated together which are unsortable into individual grades.

Charleswater Europe's bags are recyclable

Static Dissipative Outer Polyester Layer Aluminum Shielding Layer Static Dissipative Inner Polyethylene Layer



Statshield® Bag, Shielding, Metal In Construction, Green

CHARLESWATER LTD. UNIT 17. MILLBROOK BUSINESS PARK, SYBRON WAY CROWBOROUGH, EAST SUSSEX TN6 3JZ UNITED KINGDOM PHONE: 00 44 (0) 1892-665313, FAX: 00 44 (0) 1892-668838 INTERNET: Charleswater.co.uk

Drawing Number 90450.E

DATE: 08/06

Metal In Bag Sizes W x L (mm)

Item #	Size	Item #	Size	Item #	Size
90450	100 x 150	90454	200 x 305	90458	305 x 455
90451	125 x 200	90455	255 x 305	90459	380 x 455
90452	150 x 225	90456	255 x 355	90460	455 x 455
90453	200 x 255	90457	255 x 610	90461	455 x 610
Packaged 100 per package					

Special sizes and printing available upon request

Charleswater Europe ESD Bags Are Generally Reusable

The user must determine the suitability of ESD bags for particular applications and after one year from purchase date.

All ESD Shielding Bags that are ripped, torn, or scratched should be discarded. The Bag's protection is lost if there is an electrical path from the charge on the outside of the Bag to the inside layer and ESDS parts within. Scratching may compromise the Faraday Cage shielding protection of shielding bags so they will not perform their function of protecting stored or transported ESD susceptible devices from electrostatic charges and discharges.

From ANSI/ESD S20.20 paragraph 6.2.4.2. Packaging Guidance: "The objective of ESD protective packaging is to prevent a direct electrostatic discharge to the ESDS item

contained within and allow for dissipation of charge from the exterior surface. In addition, the packaging should minimize charging of the ESDS item in response to an external electrostatic field and triboelectrification. They may also lose static shielding properties by crumpling, puncturing and folding."

Some end users reuse a Statshield®
Transparent Metal In ESD Shielding Bag up to six times and then discard.

Ideally, the user should test, auditing some percentage of the re-used ESD Bags using test procedures outlined in ANSI EOS/ESD-DS11.11 - 1993 Surface Resistivity Standard, ESD-DS11.12 - 1996 Volume Resistance Measurements of Static Dissipative Planar Materials, and Shielding Materials FOS/ESD DS11.31 - 1994

The Organization shall define ESD protective packaging for all ESD susceptible item material movement within Protected Areas, between job sites and field service operations. See ANSI/ESD S20.20 paragraph 6.2.4.1. Packaging Requirements.

ESD susceptible items shall be packaged in ESD protective packaging while not in a Protected Area. See ANSI/ESD S20.20 paragraph 6.2.3.1.

Use Charleswater Europe ESD Bags to meet IEC 61340 5-1 paragraph 6 Protective Packaging states, "The primary functions of protective packaging outside the ESD Protected Area are to:

- · limit tribo-electric charging;
- provide shielding against electrostatic fields and discharges.
- The packaging shall be capable of providing charge drainage to EPA ground when brought into an EPA."

Statshield[®] bags are packaged 100 per package in an oversized shielding bag rather than a cardboard box. Therefore, our bags are not exposed to water vapors that will degrade the metallized shielding layer. Our bags have an additional layer of barrier protection because of our packaging.

Ideally, ESD bags should be stored in a dry, well ventilated room with a reasonably consistent temperature of 68°F (20°C) and be protected from exposure to direct sunlight. Ideally, ESD bags should not be stored in ultraviolet sunlight, moisture, or heat.

The user shall determine the suitability of the product for their intended use. Charleswater Europe's only obligation shall be to replace such quantity of the product proved to be defective. See full Limited Warranty information at www.charleswater.co.uk/warranty.htm.

RoHS Compliance Statement

None of the following materials are intentionally added in manufacturing this product: lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) or polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE) as outlined in the Directive 2002/95/EC Article 4.1. See Desco Industries Inc. letter on-line at Charleswater.co.uk