74AUP2G34

Low-power dual buffer Rev. 02 — 31 January 2008

Product data sheet

General description 1.

The 74AUP2G34 provides two low-power, low-voltage buffers.

Schmitt trigger action at all inputs makes the circuit tolerant to slower input rise and fall times across the entire V_{CC} range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

This device ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire V_{CC} range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V.

This device is fully specified for partial power-down applications using I_{OFF}.

The I_{OFF} circuitry disables the output, preventing the damaging backflow current through the device when it is powered down.

2. **Features**

- Wide supply voltage range from 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- High noise immunity
- Complies with JEDEC standards:
 - ◆ JESD8-12 (0.8 V to 1.3 V)
 - ◆ JESD8-11 (0.9 V to 1.65 V)
 - ◆ JESD8-7 (1.2 V to 1.95 V)
 - ◆ JESD8-5 (1.8 V to 2.7 V)
 - ◆ JESD8-B (2.7 V to 3.6 V)
- ESD protection:
 - ◆ HBM JESD22-A114E Class 3A exceeds 5000 V
 - MM JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V
 - CDM JESD22-C101C exceeds 1000 V
- Low static power consumption; $I_{CC} = 0.9 \mu A$ (maximum)
- Latch-up performance exceeds 100 mA per JESD 78 Class II
- Inputs accept voltages up to 3.6 V
- Low noise overshoot and undershoot < 10 % of V_{CC}
- I_{OFF} circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- Multiple package options
- Specified from –40 °C to +85 °C and –40 °C to +125 °C



3. Ordering information

Table 1. Ordering information

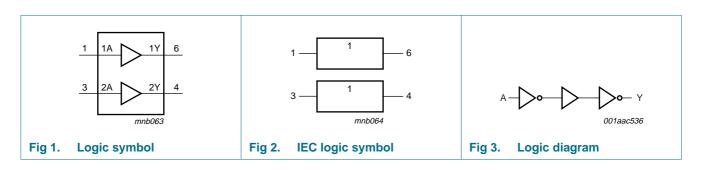
Type number	Package			
	Temperature range	Name	Description	Version
74AUP2G34GW	–40 °C to +125 °C	SC-88	plastic surface-mounted package; 6 leads	SOT363
74AUP2G34GM	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 \times 1.45 \times 0.5 mm	SOT886
74AUP2G34GF	–40 °C to +125 °C	XSON6	plastic extremely thin small outline package; no leads; 6 terminals; body 1 \times 1 \times 0.5 mm	SOT891

4. Marking

Table 2. Marking

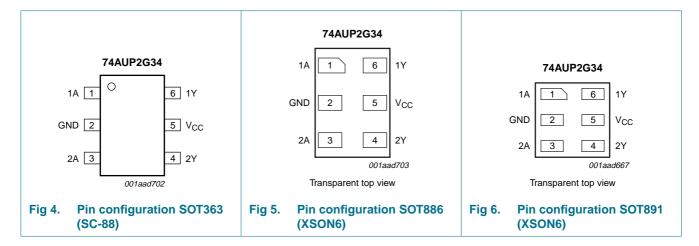
Type number	Marking code
74AUP2G34GW	aA
74AUP2G34GM	aA
74AUP2G34GF	aA

5. Functional diagram



6. Pinning information

6.1 Pinning



6.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
1A	1	data input
GND	2	ground (0 V)
2A	3	data input
2Y	4	data output
V_{CC}	5	supply voltage
1Y	6	data output

7. Functional description

Table 4. Function table[1]

Input	Output
nA	nY
L	L
H	Н

[1] H = HIGH voltage level;

L = LOW voltage level.

8. Limiting values

Table 5. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	supply voltage		-0.5	+4.6	V
I _{IK}	input clamping current	V _I < 0 V	-50	-	mA
VI	input voltage		<u>[1]</u> –0.5	+4.6	V
I _{OK}	output clamping current	$V_O > V_{CC}$ or $V_O < 0 V$	•	±50	mA
Vo	output voltage	Active mode and Power-down mode	<u>[1]</u> –0.5	+4.6	V
lo	output current	$V_O = 0 V \text{ to } V_{CC}$	•	±20	mA
I _{CC}	supply current		-	50	mA
I _{GND}	ground current		-50	-	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
P _{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	[2] _	250	mW

^[1] The minimum input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 6. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	supply voltage		0.8	3.6	V
V_{I}	input voltage		0	3.6	V
Vo	output voltage	Active mode	0	V_{CC}	V
		Power-down mode; V _{CC} = 0 V	0	3.6	V
T _{amb}	ambient temperature		-40	+125	°C
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	200	ns/V

^[2] For SC-88 packages: above 87.5 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 4.0 mW/K. For XSON6 packages: above 45 °C the value of P_{tot} derates linearly with 2.4 mW/K.

10. Static characteristics

Table 7. Static characteristics

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = 2	5 °C					
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 0.8 V	$0.70 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	$0.65 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.0	-	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-	-	$0.30 \times V_{\text{CC}}$	V
		V _{CC} = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	-	-	$0.35 \times V_{CC}$	V
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}				
		$I_O = -20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V	V _{CC} – 0.1	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	$0.75 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	1.11	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	1.32	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	2.05	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.9	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.72	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.6	-	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}				
		$I_O = 20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.1	V
		I _O = 1.1 mA; V _{CC} = 1.1 V	-	-	$0.3 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$I_O = 1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.31	V
		$I_O = 1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.31	V
		$I_O = 2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.31	V
		$I_O = 3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.44	V
		$I_O = 2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.31	V
		$I_O = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.44	V
I _I	input leakage current	$V_I = GND$ to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.1	μΑ
I _{OFF}	power-off leakage current	V_I or $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V	-	-	±0.2	μΑ
ΔI_{OFF}	additional power-off leakage current	V_1 or $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.2	μΑ
I _{CC}	supply current	$V_I = GND \text{ or } V_{CC}; I_O = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.5	μΑ
ΔI_{CC}	additional supply current	$V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	40	μΑ
Cı	input capacitance	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}; V_I = \text{GND or } V_{CC}$	-	8.0	-	pF
Co	output capacitance	$V_O = GND; V_{CC} = 0 V$	-	1.7	-	pF

 Table 7.
 Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = -	40 °C to +85 °C					
V_{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 0.8 V	$0.70 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 0.9 V to 1.95 V	$0.65 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	2.0	-	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-	-	$0.30 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	-	-	$0.35 \times V_{CC}$	V
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.9	V
V_{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}				
		$I_O = -20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V	$V_{CC} - 0.1$	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	1.03	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	1.30	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.97	-	-	V
		$I_O = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.85	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.67	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.55	-	-	V
V_{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}				
		I_O = 20 μ A; V_{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.1	V
		$I_O = 1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	-	-	$0.3\times V_{\text{CC}}$	V
		$I_O = 1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.37	V
		$I_O = 1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.35	V
		$I_O = 2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.33	V
		$I_O = 3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.45	V
		$I_O = 2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.33	V
		$I_O = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.45	V
I _I	input leakage current	V_I = GND to 3.6 V; V_{CC} = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.5	μΑ
I _{OFF}	power-off leakage current	V_I or $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V	-	-	±0.5	μΑ
ΔI_{OFF}	additional power-off leakage current	V_1 or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.6	μΑ
I _{CC}	supply current	V_I = GND or V_{CC} ; I_O = 0 A; V_{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	μΑ
ΔI_{CC}	additional supply current	$V_1 = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	50	μΑ

 Table 7.
 Static characteristics ...continued

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T _{amb} = -	40 °C to +125 °C					
V _{IH}	HIGH-level input voltage	V _{CC} = 0.8 V	$0.75 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	$0.70 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.6	-	-	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.0	-	-	V
V_{IL}	LOW-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-	-	$0.25 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.9 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	-	-	$0.30 \times V_{CC}$	V
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	-	-	0.7	V
		V _{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.9	V
V _{OH}	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}				
		$I_{O} = -20 \mu A$; $V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	V _{CC} - 0.11	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$	$0.6 \times V_{CC}$	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	0.93	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	1.17	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.77	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	1.67	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.40	-	-	V
		$I_{O} = -4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	2.30	-	-	V
V _{OL}	LOW-level output voltage	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}				
		I_{O} = 20 μ A; V_{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	0.11	V
		I _O = 1.1 mA; V _{CC} = 1.1 V	-	-	$0.33 \times V_{CC}$	V
		$I_O = 1.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.41	V
		$I_O = 1.9 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.39	V
		$I_O = 2.3 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.36	V
		$I_O = 3.1 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.50	V
		$I_O = 2.7 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.36	V
		$I_O = 4.0 \text{ mA}; V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$	-	-	0.50	V
I _I	input leakage current	V_I = GND to 3.6 V; V_{CC} = 0 V to 3.6 V	-	-	±0.75	μΑ
I _{OFF}	power-off leakage current	V_I or $V_O = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V	-	-	±0.75	μΑ
ΔI_{OFF}	additional power-off leakage current	V_1 or $V_0 = 0$ V to 3.6 V; $V_{CC} = 0$ V to 0.2 V	-	-	±0.75	μΑ
I _{CC}	supply current	V_I = GND or V_{CC} ; I_O = 0 A; V_{CC} = 0.8 V to 3.6 V	-	-	1.4	μΑ
ΔI_{CC}	additional supply current	$V_1 = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 0 \text{ A};$ $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	-	-	75	μΑ

11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 8. Dynamic characteristicsVoltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 8.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		25 °C		-40 °C to +125 °C			Unit
			Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
$C_L = 5 p$	F								
t _{pd}	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7							
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$	-	14.9	-	-	-	-	ns
		V _{CC} = 1.1 V to 1.3 V	2.6	4.7	9.2	2.0	10.0	11.0	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	2.1	3.4	5.7	1.6	6.5	7.2	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	1.8	2.9	4.5	1.4	5.2	5.8	ns
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.5	2.3	3.5	1.2	4.2	4.6	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	1.4	2.1	3.2	1.0	3.8	4.2	ns
C _L = 10	pF								
t_{pd}	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7							
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$	-	18.4	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	3.2	5.6	10.9	2.3	11.8	13.1	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	2.6	4.1	6.7	1.9	7.7	8.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	2.3	3.4	5.3	1.7	6.2	6.9	ns
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.0	2.9	4.2	1.5	5.0	5.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	1.7	2.6	3.8	1.4	4.6	5.1	ns
C _L = 15	pF								
t_{pd}	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7							
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$	-	21.9	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	3.6	6.4	12.6	2.6	13.8	15.2	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	3.0	4.6	7.6	2.2	8.9	9.8	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	2.6	3.9	6.0	2.0	7.2	7.9	ns
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	2.3	3.3	4.8	1.8	5.7	6.3	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.1	3.1	4.2	1.6	5.0	5.5	ns
C _L = 30	pF								
t_{pd}	propagation delay	nA to nY; see Figure 7							
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$	-	32.1	-	-	-	-	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$	4.8	8.7	16.3	3.6	18.9	20.8	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V to } 1.6 \text{ V}$	4.0	6.2	10.3	3.4	12.2	13.4	ns
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	3.6	5.2	8.1	3.2	9.8	10.8	ns
		V_{CC} = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	3.0	4.4	6.4	2.7	7.7	8.5	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2.9	4.2	5.6	2.5	6.5	7.2	ns

 Table 8.
 Dynamic characteristics ...continued

Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); for test circuit see Figure 8.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	ns 25 °C -40 °C to		Conditions 25 °C	25 °C		0 °C to +	125 °C	Unit
				Min	Typ[1]	Max	Min	Max (85 °C)	Max (125 °C)	
$C_L = 5 pl$	F, 10 pF, 15 pF and	30 pF								
C _{PD} power dissipation	f_i = 1 MHz; V_I = GND to V_{CC}	[3][4]								
	capacitance	$V_{CC} = 0.8 \text{ V}$		-	2.5	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.3 \text{ V}$		-	2.6	-	-	-	-	pF
		V_{CC} = 1.4 V to 1.6 V		-	2.7	-	-	-	-	pF
		V_{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		-	2.9	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		-	3.4	-	-	-	-	pF
		$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		-	4.0	-	-	-	-	pF

- [1] All typical values are measured at nominal V_{CC}.
- [2] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} .
- [3] All specified values are the average typical values over all stated loads.
- [4] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in μW).

 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ where:

f_i = input frequency in MHz;

 f_0 = output frequency in MHz;

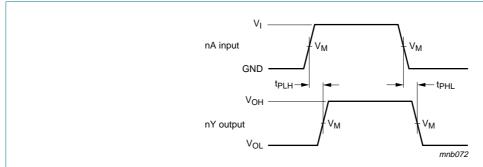
 C_L = load capacitance in pF;

 V_{CC} = supply voltage in V;

N = number of inputs switching;

 $\Sigma(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_0)$ = sum of the outputs.

12. Waveforms



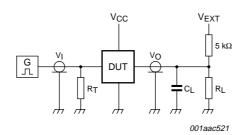
Measurement points are given in Table 9.

Logic levels: V_{OL} and V_{OH} are typical output voltage drop that occur with the output load.

Fig 7. The data input (nA) to output (nY) propagation delays

Table 9. Measurement points

Supply voltage	Output	Input						
V _{CC}	V _M	V _M	V _I	$t_r = t_f$				
0.8 V to 3.6 V	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	$0.5 \times V_{CC}$	V _{CC}	≤ 3.0 ns				



Test data is given in Table 10.

Definitions for test circuit:

R_L = Load resistance.

 C_L = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

 R_T = Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance Z_o of the pulse generator.

 V_{EXT} = External voltage for measuring switching times.

Fig 8. Load circuitry for switching times

Table 10. Test data

Supply voltage	Load		V _{EXT}		
V _{CC}	CL	R _L [1]	t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	t _{PZH} , t _{PHZ}	t _{PZL} , t _{PLZ}
0.8 V to 3.6 V	5 pF, 10 pF, 15 pF and 30 pF	5 k Ω or 1 M Ω	open	GND	$2\times V_{CC}$

[1] For measuring enable and disable times R_L = 5 $k\Omega$, for measuring propagation delays, setup and hold times and pulse width R_L = 1 $M\Omega$.

13. Package outline

Plastic surface-mounted package; 6 leads

SOT363

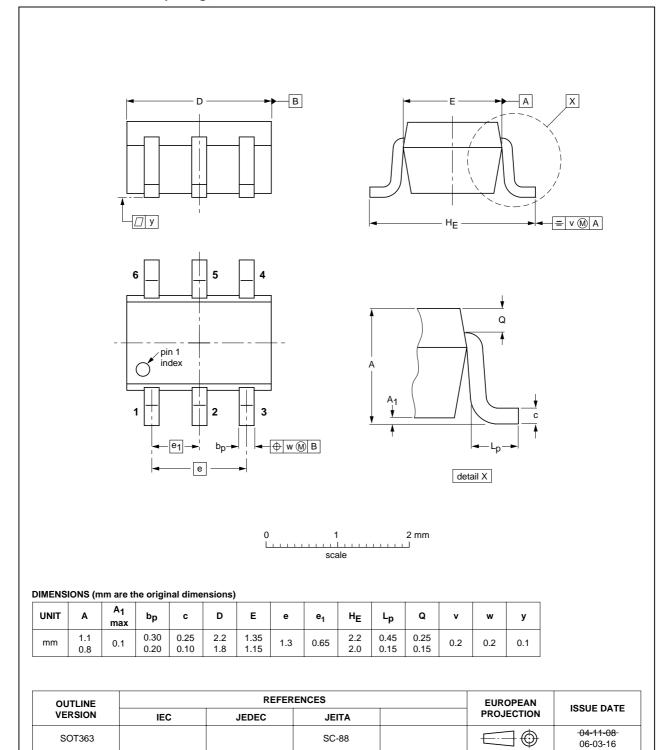


Fig 9. Package outline SOT363 (SC-88)

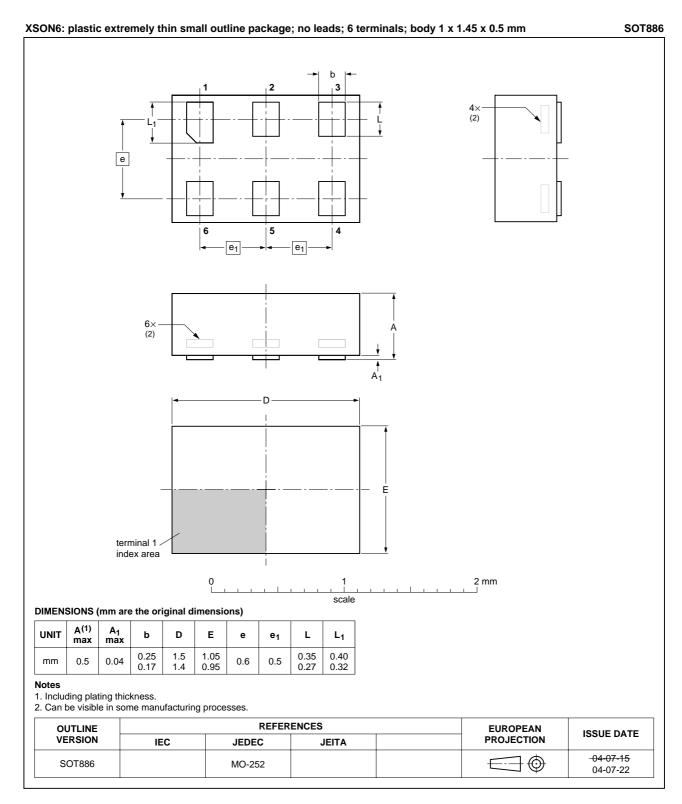


Fig 10. Package outline SOT886 (XSON6)

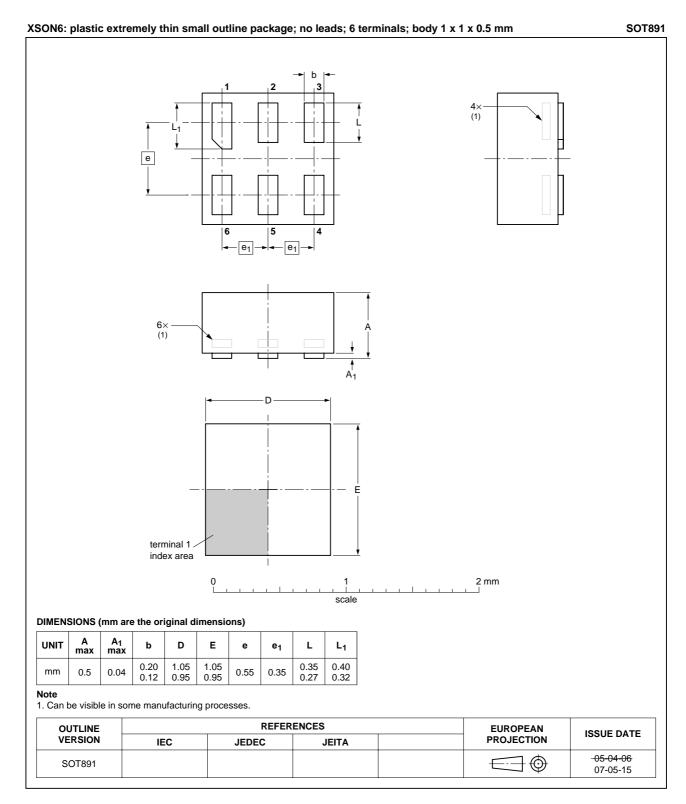


Fig 11. Package outline SOT891 (XSON6)

14. Abbreviations

Table 11. Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
НВМ	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model

15. Revision history

Table 12. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes	
74AUP2G34_2	20080131	Product data sheet	-	74AUP2G34_1	
Modifications:	Section 10 "Static characteristics":				
	Changed: input capacitance value.				
	Section 11 "	Section 11 "Dynamic characteristics":			
	Changed: some propagation delay values at 25 °C and C _{PD} values.				
74AUP2G34_1	20061122	Product data sheet	-	-	

16. Legal information

16.1 Data sheet status

Document status[1][2]	Product status[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions"
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.nxp.com.

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