Power analyzers and Energy Meters Power Analyzer Type WM14-96





- Optional RS422/485 serial port
- Alarms (visual only) V_{LN}, An

- Class 2 (active energy)
- Class 3 (reactive energy)
- Accuracy ±0.5 F.S. (current/voltage)
- Power analyzer
- Display of instantaneous variables: 3x3 digit
- Display of energies: 8+1 digit
- \bullet System variables and phase measurements: W, W $_{\text{dmd}},$ var, VA, VA $_{\text{dmd}},$ PF, V, A, An, A $_{\text{dmd}},$ Hz
- A_{max}, A_{dmd max}, W_{dmd max} indication
- Energy measurements: kWh and kvarh
- Hour counter (5+2 DGT)
- TRMS meas. of distorted sine waves (voltages/currents)
- Power supply: 24V, 48V, 115V, 230V 50-60Hz; 18 to 60VDC
- Protection degree (front): IP65
- Front dimensions: 96x96mm

Product Description

3-phase power analyzer with built-in programming keypad. Particularly recommended for displaying the main electrical variables. Housing for panel mounting, (front) protection degree IP65 and optional RS485 serial port.

Type Selection

Range codes	System	Power supply	Options
AV5: 400/660V _{L-L} /5(6)AAC VL-N: 185 V to 460 V VL-L: 320 V to 800 V AV6: 100/208V _{L-L} /5(6)AAC VL-N: 45 V to 145 V VL-L: 78 V to 250 V Phase current: 0.03A to 6A Neutral current: 0.09 to 6A	3: 1-2-3-phase, balanced/unbalanced load,with or without neutral	A: 24VAC -15+10%, 50-60Hz B: 48VAC -15+10%, 50-60Hz C: 115VAC -15+10%, 50-60Hz D: 230VAC -15+10%, 50-60Hz	X: None S: RS485 port
1		3: 18 to 60VDC	

Input specifications

Rated inputs	
Current	3 (shunt)
Voltage	4
Accuracy (display, RS485)	with CT=1 and VT=1 AV5:
(@25°C ±5°C, R.H. ≤60%)	1150W-VA-var, FS:230VLN,
	400VLL; AV6: 285W-VA-var,
	FS:57VLN, 100VLL
Current	0.25 to 6A: ±(0.5% FS +1DGT)
Neutral current	0.03A to 0.25A: ±7DGT
neutral current	0.25 to 6A: ±(1.5% FS +1DGT) 0.09A to 0.25A: +7DGT
Di l	0.00, 1.10 0.20, 2.20.
Phase-phase voltage	±(1.5% FS +1 DGT)
Phase-neutral voltage	±(0.5% FS + 1 DGT)
Active and Apparent power,	0.25 to 6A: ±(1% FS +1DGT);
	0.03A to 0.25A: ±(1% FS
	+5DGT)
Reactive power	0.25 to 6A: ±(2% FS +1DGT);
	0.03A to 0.25A: ±(2% FS
Active exercis	+5DGT)
Active energy Reactive energy	Class 2 (I start up: 30mA) Class 3 (I start up: 30mA)
Frequency	±0.1%Hz (48 to 62Hz)
	±0.170112 (48 t0 02112)
Additional errors	<0.00/ F0.000/ to 000/ DU
Humidity	≤0.3% FS, 60% to 90% RH
Temperature drift	≤200ppm/°C

Sampling rate	1400 samples/s @ 50Hz 1700 samples/s @ 60Hz
Display refresh time	700ms
Display	
Type	LED, 14mm
Read-out for instant. var.	3x3 DGT
Read-out for energies	3+3+3 DGT (Max indication:
	999 999 99.9)
Read-out for hour counter	1+3+3 DGT (Max. indication:
	9 999 9.99)
Measurements	Current, voltage, power,
	power factor, frequency,
Measuring method	energy. TRMS measurement
gg	of distorted waves.
Coupling type	Direct
Crest factor	< 3; max 10A peak
Input impedance	
400/660V _{L-L} (AV5)	1 MΩ ±5%
100/208V _{L-L} (AV6)	453 KΩ ±5%
Current	≤ 0.02Ω
Frequency	48 to 62 Hz
Overload protection	
Continuos voltage/current	1.2 F.S.
For 500ms: voltage/current	2 Un/36A



RS485 Serial Port Specifications

RS422/RS485 (on request)		Data (bidirectional)	
Туре	Multidrop bidirectional (static and	Dynamic (reading only)	System, phase variables and energies
	dynamic variables)	Static (writing only)	All configuration parameters
Connections	2 or 4 wires, max. distance 1200m, termination directly	Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bit, no parity, 1 stop bit.
	on the instrument	Baud-rate	9600 bit/s
Addresses Protocol	1 to 255, key-pad selectable MODBUS/JBUS		

Software functions

Password 1st level 2nd level	Numeric code of max. 3 digits; 2 protection levels of the programming data Password "0", no protection Password from 1 to 999, all data are protected		Page 3: A L1, A L2, A L3 Page 4: A L1 dmd, A L2 dmd, A L3 dmd Page 5: An, An Alarm Page 6: W L1, W L2, W L3 Page 7: PF L1, PF L2, PF L3 Page 8: var L1, var L2, var L3
System selection	3-phase with/without n, unbal. 3-phase balanced 3-phase ARON 2-phase Single phase		Page 9: VA L1, VA L2, VA L3 Page 10: VA Σ , W Σ , var Σ Page 11: VA dmd, W dmd, Hz Page 12: W dmd max Page 13: Wh Page 14: varh
Transformer ratio CT VT	1 to 999 1.0 to 99.9		Page 15: VL-L Σ , PF Σ , VLN Alarm Page 16: A max
Filter Operating range	0 to 99.9% of the input		Page 17: A dmd max Page 18: working hours
Filtering coefficient Filter action	electrical scale 1 to 16 Measurements, alarms, serial output (fundamental variables: V, A, W and their derived ones).	Alarms	Programmable, for the VLN∑ and An (neutral current). Note: the alarm is only visual, by means of LED on the front of the instrument.
Displaying 3-phase system with neutral	Up to 3 variables per page Page 1: V L1, V L2, V L3 Page 2: V L12, V L23, V L31	Reset	Independent alarm (VL Σ , An) max: A dmd, W dmd all counters (Wh, varh, h)

Power Supply Specifications

Auxiliary power supply	230VAC -15 +10%, 50-60Hz 115VAC		24VAC -15 +10%, 50-60Hz 18 to 60VDC
-15 +10%, 50-60Hz 48VAC -15 +10%, 50-60Hz	Power consumption	AC: 4.5 VA DC: 4W	

General Specifications

Operating temperature Storage	0° to +50°C (32° to 122°F) (RH < 90% non condensing) -10° to +60°C (14° to 140°F)		measuring inputs and RS485. 4kVAC, 500VDC between power supply and RS485
temperature	(RH < 90% non condensing)	Dielectric strength	4kVAC (for 1 min)
Installation category	Cat. III (IEC 60664, EN60664)	EMC	
Insulation (for 1 minute)	4kVAC, 500VDC between measuring inputs and power supply. 500VAC/DC between	Emissions	EN50084-1 (class A) residential environment, commerce and light industry



General Specifications (cont.)

Immunity	EN61000-6-2 (class A) industrial environment.	Material	ABS
Pulse voltage (1.2/50µs)	EN61000-4-5		self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0
Safety standards	IEC60664, EN60664	Mounting	Panel
Approvals	CE, UL and CSA	Protection degree	Front: IP65 (standard)
Connections 5(6) A	Screw-type		Connections: IP20
Max cable cross sect. area	2.5 mm ²	Weight	Approx. 400 g (pack. incl.)
Housing			
Dimensions (WxHxD)	96 x 96 x 63 mm		

Display pages

Display variables in a 3-phase system with neutral

No	1 st variable	2 nd variable	3 rd variable	Notes
1	V L1	V L2	V L3	
2	V L12	V L23	V L31	Decimal point blinking on the right of the display
3	A L1	A L2	A L3	
4	A L1 dmd	A L2 dmd	A L3 dmd	dmd = demand (integration time selectable from 1 to 30 minutes)
5	An	AL.n		AL.n if neutral current alarm is active
6	W L1	W L2	W L3	Decimal point blinking on the right of the display if generated power
7	PF L1	PF L2	PF L3	
8	var L1	var L2	var L3	Decimal point blinking on the right of the display if generated power
9	VA L1	VA L2	VA L3	
10	VA system	W system	var system	
11	VA dmd (system)	W dmd (system)	Hz (system)	dmd = demand (integration time selectable from 1 to 30 minutes)
12		W dmd MAX		Maximum sys power demand
13	Wh (MSD)	Wh	Wh (LSD)	The total indication is given in max 3 groups of 3 digits.
14	varh (MSD)	varh	varh (LSD)	The total indication is given in max 3 groups of 3 digits.
15	V LL system	AL.U	PF system	AL.U= is activated only if one of VLN is not within the set limits.
16	A MAX			max. current among the three phases
17	A dmd max			max. dmd current among the three phases
18	h			hour counter

MSD: most significant digit LSD: least significant digit



1) Example of kWh visualization:

This example is showing 15 933 453.7 kWh

2) Example of kvarh visualization:

This example is showing 3 553 944.9 kvarh



CARLO GAVAZZI

Waveform of the signals that can be measured

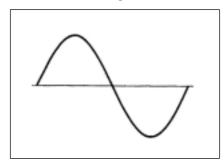


Figure A Sine wave, undistorted

Fundamental content 100% Harmonic content 0% 1.1107 | A | $A_{rms} =$

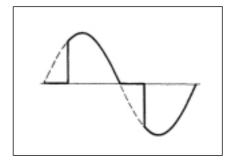


Figure B Sine wave, indented

Fundamental content 10...100% Harmonic content 0...90% Frequency spectrum: 3rd to 16th harmonic Additional error: <1% FS

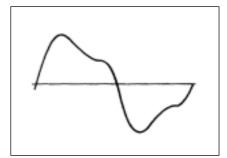
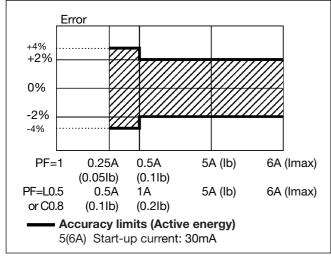


Figure C Sine wave, distorted

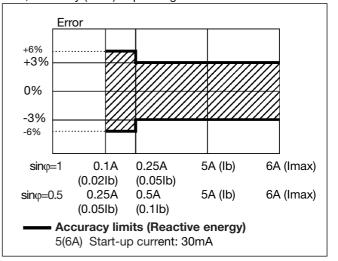
Fundamental content 70...90% Harmonic content 10...30% Frequency spectrum: 3rd to 16th harmonic Additional error: <0.5% FS

Accuracy

Wh, accuracy (RDG) depending on the current



varh, accuracy (RDG) depending on the current



Used calculation formulas

Phase variables

Instantaneous effective voltage

$$V_{1N} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} (V_{1N})_{i}^{2}}$$

Instantaneous active power

$$W_1 = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} (V_{1N})_i \cdot (A_1)_i$$

Instantaneous power factor

$$cos\phi_1 = \frac{W_1}{VA_1}$$

Instantaneous effective current

$$A_1 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} (A_1)_i^2}$$

Instantaneous apparent power

$$VA_1 = V_{1N} \cdot A_1$$

Instantaneous reactive power

$$VAr_1 = \sqrt{(VA_1)^2 - (W_1)^2}$$

System variables

Equivalent 3-phase voltage

$$V_{\Sigma} = \frac{V_1 + V_2 + V_3}{3} * \sqrt{3}$$

3-phase reactive power

$$VAr_{\Sigma} = (VAr_1 + VAr_2 + VAr_3)$$

3-phase active power

$$W_{\Sigma} = W_1 + W_2 + W_3$$

3-phase apparent power

$$VA_{\Sigma} = \sqrt{W_{\Sigma}^2 + VAr_{\Sigma}^2}$$
3-phase power factor
$$\cos\phi_{\Sigma} = \frac{W_{\Sigma}}{VA_{\Sigma}}$$

$$\cos \phi_{\Sigma} = \frac{W_{\Sigma}}{VA_{\Sigma}}$$

Neutral current

$$An = \overline{A}_{11} + \overline{A}_{12} + \overline{A}_{13}$$



Used calculation formulas (cont.)

Energy metering

Where:

i = considered phase (L1, L2 or L3)

P = active power

Q = reactive power

t₁, t₂ = starting and ending time points of consumption recording

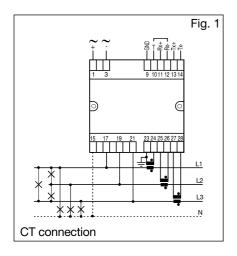
n = time unit

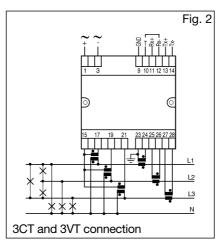
 Δt = time interval between two successive power consumptions

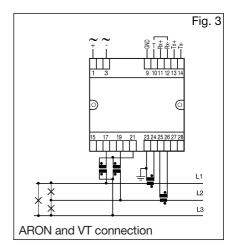
 n_1, n_2 = starting and ending discrete time points of consumption recording

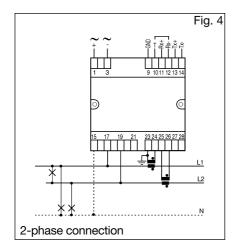
Wiring diagrams

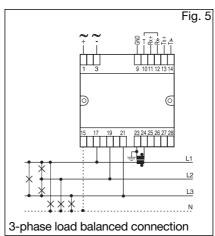
 $kWh_i = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} P_i(t) dt \cong \Delta t \sum_{n_1}^{n_2} P_{n,i}$ $kVarh_i = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} Q_i(t) dt \cong \Delta t \sum_{n_1}^{n_2} Q_{n,i}$

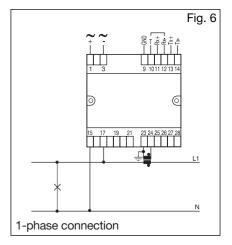








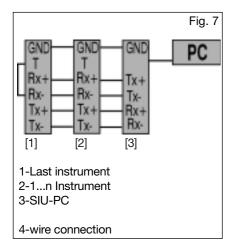




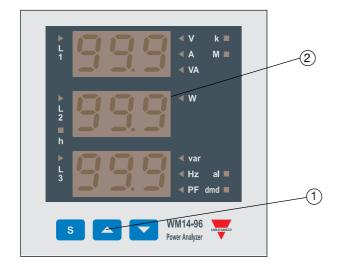
NOTE: the current inputs can be connected to the lines ONLY by means of current transformers. The direct connection is not allowed.



RS485 Serial connection



Front Panel Description



1. Key-pad

To program the configuration parameters and the display of the variables.



Key to enter programming and confirm selections;



Keys to:

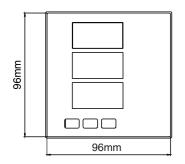
- programme values;
- select functions;
- display measuring pages.

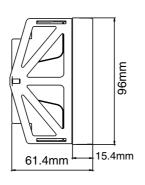
2. Display

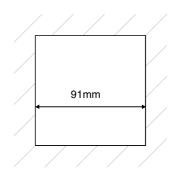
LED-type with alphanumeric indications to:

- display configuration parameters;
- display all the measured variables.

Dimensions and Panel Cut-out







Abbroviotion		Description
<u>Abbreviation</u>		<u>Description</u>
LCD	=	Liquid Crystal Display
W	=	Active power
VA	=	Apparent power
var	=	Reactive power
VLL	=	Voltage phase to phase
VLN	=	Voltage phase to neutral
ppm	=	Part per milion
lb	=	Basic current
lmax	=	Maximum current
dmd	=	Demanded
CT	=	Current Transformer
VT	=	Voltage Transformer
An	II	Neutral current
TRMS	II	True Root means square
PF	II	Power Factor
Hz	=	Frequency
THD	=	Total Harmonic Distortion
Wh	=	Active Energy
Wh total	=	Total Active Energy
Wh partial	=	Partial Energy
varh	=	Reactive Energy
varh total	=	Total Reactive Energy
varh partial	=	Partial Reactive Energy
R.H.	=	Relative Humidity
SW	=	Software
HW	=	Hardware
Wdmd	=	Demanded Power
VAdmd	=	Demanded Apparent Power
Amax	=	Maximum current
Wdmd max	=	Maximum Demanded Power
PF avg	=	Average Power Factor
<u> </u>		5